PROTEASES OF STORED PRODUCT INSECTS AND THEIR INHIBITION BY SPECIFIC PROT (U) HEBREM UNIV JERUSALEM (ISRAEL) Y BIRK ET AL 30 JUN 87 8001AA R/D-5383-BC-81-1/2 DAJA45-86-C-8852 F/G 6/1 171 AD-A192 686 UNCLASSIFIED NL



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•	Yehudith Birk Shalom W. Applebaum	6. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(*) DAJA45-86-C-0052			
:	The Hebrew University of Jerusa Dept. of Biochemistry and Human Dept. of Entomology Faculty of Agriculture, Rehovot	19. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS			
1	. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS	12. REPORT DATE June 30, 1987 13. NUMBER OF PAGES 5			
14	. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(II ditteren	15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) , ' 15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE			

16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)



17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT fol the abetract entered in Block 20, if different from Report

18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identity by block number)

PROTEASES; PROTEASE INHIBITORS; STORED-PRODUCT INSECTS

Tribolium castaneum MIDGUT PROTEASES; Tenebrio molitor MIDGUT PROTEASES;

LOCUST CAECAL PROTEASES; BOWMAN-BIRK TRYPSIN-CHMOTRYPSIN INHIBITOR (SOYBEANS)

CHICKPEAS TRYPSIN-CHYMOTRYPSIN INHIBITOR; SOYBEAN PROTEASE INHIBITORS

20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

The research covered by the first Interim Report was devoted to detection, isolation and characterization of digestive proteinases of the rust red flour beetle (Tribolium castaneum), the mealworm and the locust (Locusta migratoria), and to (Tenebrio molitor), naturally-occurring and interaction with synthetic proteinaceous protease inhibitors. Larval midguts of Tribolium pronounced trypsincastaneum larvae exhibited cont.

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SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Date Entered)

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Distribution Unlimited

INTERIM REPORT

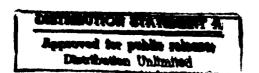
PROTEASES OF STORED PRODUCT INSECTS AND THEIR INHIBITION BY SPECIFIC PROTEASE INHIBITORS FROM SOYBEANS AND WHEAT GRAIN

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PREFACE

It is assumed that the physiological function of plant proteinase inhibitors in general and of seeds in particular is to protect the plant against attack by insects. The investigation of the digestive proteases of several model insects is a pre-requisite for understanding the complex relationship that the insects have evolved with the plant. The information on insect proteolytic enzymes in comparison to the corresponding proteases from higher organisms is essential for studying the selective interactions of the naturally-occurring protease inhibitors with the insect proteases.

The research covered by the first Interim Report primarily was devoted to detection, isolation and characterization of digestive proteinases of the rust red flour beetle (<u>Tribolium castaneum</u>), the mealworm (<u>Tenebrio molitor</u>), and the locust (<u>Locusta migratoria</u>). Recently, the latter has been posing a serious threat to valuable crops in different parts of the world.

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

(1) <u>Tenebrio molitor proteases</u>

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Trypsin, chymotrypsin and carboxypeptidase 8 are major constitutents of the digestive enzymes in Tenebrio molitor larvae and adults. In Tenebrio molitor, both the pupal and adult midgut epithelia are reformed during metamorphosis by the proliferation of cells from the posterior end of the foregut. It was particularly intriguing to clarify whether the composition and structure of proteolytic enzymes in the adult remain the same as in the larva.

The following results relate to the isolation characterization of trypsin and chymotrypsin from the alimentary system of Tenebrio molitor adults. Preliminary experiments with different parts of the guts indicated that most of the trypsin and chymotrypsin is concentrated in the midgut. isolation of Tenebrio adult trypsin and chymotrypsin was achieved by column-chromatography on the anion exchanger DEAE-cellulose p-aminobenzamidine- For bу affinity chromatography on sepharose and phenylbutylamine-sepharose, respectively.

<u>Tenebrio</u> trypsin and <u>Tenebrio</u> chymotrypsin showed single homogenous bands upon electrophoresis on cellulose acetate membranes at pH 7.3 and on polyacrylamide gels at pH 4.5.

The molecular weight of Tenebrio trypsin was determined as 16700 by sodium dodecyl sulfate polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and ton/ as 16500 by exclusion chromatography on a Sedphadex-G-50 column.Lity Codes. The molecular weight of Tenebrio chymotrypsin was estimated from and/or amino acid composition as 16400.

The kinetic properties of Tenebrio trypsin and chymotrypsin were determined with the respective substrates tosyl-L-arginine methyl and acetyl-L-tyrosine ethyl ester and were compared to trypsin and chymotrypsin. Both enzymes were inhibited by specific, synthetic inhibitors: Tenebrio trypsin ketone (TLCK) $N-\alpha$ -tosyl-L-lysine chloromethyl and by paminobenzamidine and Tenebrio chymotrypsin - by phenylalanine chloromethyl ketone (TPCK) and by phenylbutylamine. They were also fully inhibited by the proteinaceous, doubleheaded trypsin- and chymotrypsin-inhibitors from legume seeds, such as the Bowman-Birk Inhibitor (BBI) from soybeans and by inhibitor from chick peas.

The amino acid analyses given in Table 1 clearly demonstrate that trypsin and chymotrypsin from Tenebrio adults differ in amino acid composition from the respective enzymes of Tenebrio larvae and from the bovine and carp enzymes. The complete lack of disulfide bonds in the Tenebrio proteases as compared to the six S-S bonds in bovine trypsin, suggests a significant difference in comformation. The relatively low molecular weight of Tenebrio trypsin and chymotrypsin is remarkable. No zymogens of Tenebrio trypsin or chymotrypsin have been found thus far.

(2) Tribolium castaneum proteases

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cultures of Tribolium castaneum larvae have maintained at 32°C on commercial white wheat flour supplemented with 5% brewers yeast. Larval midguts of last instar larvae have been used for preparation of aqueous midgut enzyme extracts. latter exhibited pronounced trypsin and chymotrypsin-like activities when assayed on the substrates tosyl-L-arginine methyl ester and benzoyl-arginyl-p-nitro-anilide, which are specific for trypsin and on the substrates acetyl-L-tyrosine ethyl ester p-nitro anilide - for acetyl-tyrosine chymotrypsin. been fully inhibited by the activities have above-mentioned chloromethyl ketones TLCK and TPCK which are specific active site titrants of trypsin and chymotrypsin, respectively. they were also fully inhibited by the trypsin - chymotrypsin inhibitors BBI from soybeans and CI from chickpeas. Attempts are progress to separate and isolate these trypsin-and chymotrypsin-like enzymes.

(3) Locust proteinases

Preliminary experiments on the digestive tract of the locust have clearly indicated that the caecum is the optimal source for digestive proteases.

TABLE 1

COMPOSITION TRYPSINS ACID COMPARISON ONIMA

AND CHYMOTRYPSINS FROM DIFFERENT SOURCES

	TRYPSIN				CHYMOTRYPSIN			
MINO ACID	<i>Tenebrio</i> larvae	molitor adults	BOVINE	CARP .	Tenebrio molitor larvae adults		BOYINE	CARP
	К			3	·		<u> </u>	<u>, y</u>
YSINE	3	4	14	10	6	16	14	9
ISTIDINE	3	3	3	6	3	2	2	6
RGININE	6	4	2	7	7	8	4	9
SPARTIC ACID	16	23	22	27	20	15	23	23
HREONINE	13	10	10	10	12	10	23	18
ERINE	33	14	33	22	14	13	28	24
LUTAMIC ACID	13	18	14	26	22	13	15	14
ROLINE	8	8	9	9	10	11	9	12
LYCINE	30	19	25	28	21	15	23	22
LANINE	16	13	14	. 14	19	11	22	21
ALF CYSTINE	4	O	12	12	8	1	10	8
ALINE	19	13	17	18	15	11	23	22
METHIONINE	1	0	2	5	2	1	2	2
ISOLEUCINE	12	9	15	10	8	8	10	13
EUCINE	13	16	14	12	12	11	19	19
TYROS INE	.8	4	10	8	5	3	4	6
PHENYLALANINE	1	4	3	4	7	4	6	4
TRYPTOPHAN	0	8	4	8	*	•	8	8
TOTAL	199	171	223	236	191	153	245	240
MOLECULAR WEIG		18 382	23 800	25 567	19 622	16 380	25 600	25 570

^{*} Not determined

R Levinsky, H., Birk, Y. & Applebaum, S.W. (1977) Int. J. Peptide Protein Res. 10:252. Walsh, K.A. & Neurath, H. (1964) Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 52:884. Cohen, T., Gertier, A. & Birk, Y. (1981) Comp. Biochem. Physiol. 69b:639

T Blow, D.M., Birktoft, J.J. & Hartley, B.S. (1969) Nature 221:337.

Trypsin and chymotrypsin have been separated from aqueous extracts of the caecae by means of ion-exchange-chromatography on a DEAE-cellulose column. The trypsin appeared in the anionic fraction and the chymotrypsin in the cationic fraction. Further purification by means of affinity chromatography as well as characterization of these enzymes are now in progress.

(4) Proteinase inhibitors from seeds

In order to study the interaction of the naturally-occurring proteinase inhibitors with the insect proteinases, we have attempted the preparation of native and modified trypsin-chymotrypsin inhibitors from soybeans (BBI) and from chickpeas (CI). In addition, a specific <u>Tribolium</u> proteinase inhibitor from soybeans was separated.

SIGNIFICANT FINDINGS

- A. The detection of trypsin- and chymotrypsin-like enzymes in the midgut of Tribolium castaneum larvae suggests that this insect may be susceptible to inhibition by naturally-occurring trypsin- and chymotrypsin-inhibitors.
- B. The findings that trypsin and chymotrypsin from the digestive tract of Tenebrio adults differ in amino acid composition from the respective larval enzymes indicates that the composition and consequently, the structure of the proteolytic enzymes in the adult do not remain the same as in the larva after metamorphosis. (ISPAEL)

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